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Delays Cost Money

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ADMITS STATES AFTER BIG FIGHT

Balley Charges "Trade." Mormon Question Aired.

SLICE OF OREGON ANNEXED TO UTAH

Oklahoma and Indian Territory Will Form New Commonwealth and New Mexico Another-Sale of Whiskey Prohibited in Former. Exciting Debate.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., February 7.—
After a continuous sitting of almost nine hours the Senate at 8:45 o'clock to-night passed the joint statchood bill. As passed, the bill provides for the admission of the States of Oklahoma to be composed of Oklahoma and Indian Territory and New Mexico, according to its present boundaries, with Arizona climinated.

Exciting Incidents.

The long session was characterized by exciting incidents and many surprises. Beginning promptly upon the convening at 12 o'clock, the Senate proceeded to consider the various amendments which had been suggested by the Committee on over. One of the first of these taken up was the amendment prohibiting the

up was the amendment prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors, in what is now indian Territory for the next ten years. This was displaced by a substitute offered by Mr. Gallinger, which extended the amendment to the entire State for a period of twenty-one years, and this was adopted by a vote of 55 to 20. The first surprise of the day came when the committee accepted Mr. Foraker's amendment providing for a separate vote by each of the Territories of Arlzona and New Mexico on the Constitution to be adopted by the proposed State of Arlzona. That provision had scarcely been made a part of the bill when Mr. Bard presented his amendment, which had been originally offered by Mr. had been originally offered by Mr. son, and which provided for the don of New Mexico as a State sion of New Mexico as a State
at Arizons. The amendment proved
that around which all the subsequent
dings of importance revolved. It
filter adopted by the close vote of
to. This vote was taken while the
was sitting in Committee of the
and was reversed in the Senate
by a tie vote of 38 to 38.

Arizona Left Out.

Arizona Left Out.

Subsequently, the Senate adopting an amendment offered by Mr. Bacon, decided by a vote of 38 to 38 to ontirely eliminate New Mexico and Arizona from the bill. This result had hardly been announced when Mr. Bard, in silghtly changed form, renewed his proposition for the admission of New Mexico as a State, and this time the amendment prevalled by the vote of 40 to 37. One of the affirmative votes was, however, cast by Mr. Beveridge, in charge of the bill, for the purpose of moving the reconsideration of the vote. He was prompt in entering this motion as soon as the result was announced, but the motion was laid upon the table by a vote of 39 to 38. The effect was to eliminate Arizona from the bill and to establish a State of New Mexico and another of Oklahoma and Indian Territory. In this form the bill passed.

The vote by which the Bard amendment

The vote by which the Bard amendment was finally adopted is as follows:
Yeas-Alger, Balley, Bard, Late, Berry, Beverldge, Blackburn, Carmack, Clark, of Montana; Clay, Cockrell, Culberson Daniel, Dubois, Elkins, Foraker, Foster, of Louisiana; Gallinger, Gibson, German, Hansbrough, Hepburn, Latimer, McCreary, McCumber, McEnery, McLaurin, Mullory, Martin, Morgan, Nowlands, Mallory, Catherson, Penrose, Perkins. Overman, Patterson, Penrose, Perkins, Simmons, Stewart, Stone, Taliaferro

Nays-Allen, Allison, Ankeny, Ball, Burnham, Burrows, Clapp, Clark, of Wyoning; Clarke, of Arkansas; Cullom, Depew, Dick, Dietrich, Dillingham, D. Oliver, Driden, Parbanks, Foster, of Washington; Frye, Fulton, Gamble, Hale, Hopkins, Kean, Kearns, Kittridge, Lodge, Long, McComis, Millard, Nelson, Platt, of Connecticut; Proctor, Quaries, Scott, Snoot, Spooner.

Bailey Charges "Trade."

Bailey Charges "Trade."

The defent of the Bard amend sert in the Senate after it had been adopted in Committee in Whole gave rise to some interesting incidents. Mr. Balley Intimated that there had been a "trade" regarding the adoption of an 'uncaning adding a portion of Arizona ti Ulah. The Mormon question also received an alring during the day.

While the privision for the separate admission of New Mexico was under consideration, Mr. Burrows, chairman of the Committee on Privitones and Beginson, same need his opposition to the bill, and stated that it was due to the practice of polygimy in that territry to such an extent that he considered it invise to take the admission away from the Federal authorities.

Mr. Dubois and Mr. McComas and Mr. Platt, of Connectiout, referred to the question of polygamy and to the revelations before the committee. The bill originated in the House and will go to conference.

The Gallinger amendment was debated

originated in the House and will go to conference.

The Gallinger amendment was dehated by several senators, including Messre, Gallinger, McLaurin, Stone, Carmack, Morgan and Clay, Mr. Stone advocated the amendment; Mr. McLaurin opposed it as an interference with the State rights, and Mr. Morgan said he would favor it if domestic wines could be excepted. Mr. Teller and Mr. Spooner spoke in support of the substitute, and Messrs, Balley. Pacon, Hopburn, Foraker and Mallery against it. The opposition was bissed on the ground that the provision contemplated an interference with the police powers of a State. The substitute was an division on party lines on the vote.

Polygamy in New Mexico.

Polygamy in New Mexico. During the discussion of the Bard amendment, Mr. Burrows announced his opposition to the admission of New Mexico, and in so doing threw a small bombshell into the discussion. He based his antigonism on the revelations concern-ing Mormanism, which have been made

(Continued on Third Page.)



THINK RATE BILL IS SUBTERFUGE

A Compromise Measure May Thwart Wishes of President Roosevelt.

M'CALL MAKES AN ATTACK ON COURTS

Member From Massechusetts Declares That Judicial System Usually Reflects Policy of Party in Power-Attitude of Democrats on Proposed Legislation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 7 .- "Every bill, on which discussion is ing in the House. He said he had talked extensively with his colleagues and h

fied with the bill, There are shouls of Republica

when it is put upon its passage, though they will first vote for the Davey bill, which was reported by the minority members of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce as a substitute measure. The vote will be taken first on the metion to adopt the Davey substitute. Possibly eight Democrats, who favor the Hearst rate measure, will vote against the Davey substitute, and, of course, the Davey substitute, and, of course, the Townsond-Esch measure. This will commund the Republicans will vote solidly in the negative. The vote will then recur on the Townsond-Esch measure. This will commund the Republican vote and, as stated, the Democrats will support it, as the best measure that can be gotten.

"I shall vote for the Davey substitute," said Representative Hay, of Virginia, today, "and then I shall vote for the majority bill. I wrifer the measure reported.

(Continued on Third Page.)

"TAKE THIS PILL OR SOMETHING WORSE!

RUSSIA SEEKS COMPROMISE?

Effort Being Made to Reach Understanding With Japan on Favorable Basis.

ADMABAZA GOES TO FAR EAST

Newspapers No Longer Proclaim Necessity of Continuing War at All Costs.

(By Associated Press.) ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 7-11:30 P. M .est echo in official and diplomatic cirwar must be carried to a satisfactory

promise with Japan without prejudice to Russia's interest.

ATTITUDE OF UNITED STATES.

In the Event Peace Is Brought About, Will Insist on "Open

TIMES-DISPATCH The Times-Dispatch has

recently received a number of complaints from its friends and patrons that certain news agents on the railroads and in some of the towns and cities of the State were charging more than the advertised price for copies of the paper. This increase in price is without the authority and against the wishes of The Times-Dispatch. The price of the Daily Times-Dispatch to the public is ac. per copy, and the price of the Sunday paper is 5c. No agent or dealer is authorized to charge a greater price, and The Times-Dispatch will thank its readers to report any effort to force

the public to pay more.

Mother and Child Perish.

tempting to save her four-year-old boy from burning to death to-day, Mrs. Walter Schliestett and her child both perish-She wrapped her skirts around the in an effort to extinguish the flames

TOWNS RISING; MUCH DISORDER

More Than a Score Added to Total of Killed in Russia.

SOCIALISTS ISSUE WARNING

Plan for New Reforms Proposed by Minister of Finance Approved by Czar.

d.-For the moment the startling crime

sian Social Democratic party

WORKMEN KILLED.

Twenty Lose Lives at Radom and Twenty-four at Skarzysko. Situation Very Serious.

(By Associated Press.)
WARSAW, RUSSIAN POLAND, Feb. 7.
According to a report from Radom twenty workmen have been killed or woundedin strike disorders there to-day, while at

(Continued on Second Page.)

STEAMER WRECKED RAISING MONEY IN RAGING GALE

and Number of Crew Supposed Lost.

FROZEN BOAT-LOAD REACHES SHORE

Sea Poured in Torrents Through Big Hole in Bow of Vessel. The Missing Boat May Have Been Driven Sea-

raging gale and blinding snow-storm

after a terrific struggle with wind and the steamer's crew, left the vessel in an other life-boat. They have not been heard of since, and it is feared that they have

Harrowing Experience. The occupants of the boat which reached

shore were utterly exhausted, and many were frostbitten. They had a harrowing experience, battling in the darkness for hours in the open boat against tempostuous seas on a treacherous coast, with the thermometer ten degrees below zero and an Arctic blizzard raging. They landed on shore some time during the day.

Swept by Waves.

Did Not Fix Amount.

derstanding that the amount to be re-commended to be appropriated in aid of the Jamestown Exposition would be agreed upon. It was discovered, how-ever, that the committee was in need of further information as to the cost of the naval features and adjournment was taken to Thursday, at which time the Navy Department will have the desired estimates ready for the use of the com-

estimates ready to the accorded hawyer, of mittee.

Giles B. Jackson, the colored hawyer, of the Richmond, saw Chairman Tawney, of the Exposition Committee, who told him he would be gind to hear him at an early day in behalf of the bill to appropriate \$200,000 to aid a colored man's exhibit at the exposition.

GUNBOAT NEWPORT

Gigantic Field Extends From Is Somewhere Off Virginia Coast-Propeller at Bot-

(By Associated Press.)

the sea,

This report came from the coast to the

The Wahneta' returned to-night and reported that the Newport could not be located in a radius of seventy-five miles from the capes and to-morrow morning the gunboat Hornet will go out to search

bean squadron, and was en route south from Boston, Wolfer command of Commander Albert Morts.

FOR EDUCATION

Captain, Four Passen- Important Meeting Held Preparatory to the May Campaign.

RINGING ADDRESSES BY MEN AND WOMEN

All Speak of the Importance of Popular Education in the Remotest Bounds of the State. Subscription Started for the Needed Fund to Carry on Agitation.

great campaign for hyproved public pri constituted to solicit the \$3,500 of \$4,000 to subscribe about \$2,000 of that sum in

The Governor Speaks.

they would take more interest in the schools to see what two was made the money.

Dr. S. C. Mitchell stated that the spirit of the movement had veen very practicular needs of the movement well sot forth by the Governor. He spoke of what the public school system had accomplished in thirty-five years, and incidentally of the great work of Dr. W. H. Ruffner. The present educational revival had originated about five years ugo and had been promptly taken up by the flichmond Education Association. Governor Montague, in his last campaign, said Dr. Mitchell, had done much in his speeches to keep alive and agitate this question of greater educational efforts. The Southern Education Commission, or sanized soon afterward, had taken up the work definitely. This movement, said he, should be self-supporting now. The rurpose of this meeting is to have in May a month of educational advocacy and agitation, all over this State. It will be again taken up in connection with the Summer Schools of Methods at Charlottesville and Emory. In the fall another stream contral inland point. All that means money. It is estimated that from \$5,000 to \$1,000 will be needed for the spring and fall.

Improve Country Schools.

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The improvement of the country common schools is the object of the movement. The purpose of the May meetings throughout the State is to agitate and arouse the people to the need of better facilities in the country schools. The elementary plan for improvement consists in getting the people to keep their chiliques of the second for six months. This is a rudimentary reform.

Mr. Bryan, the chairman, stated that the people enlisted in the movement were anxious about those who have not much ambitton, and are restrained by parents from taking advantage of the opposituations they have: "We have a Minery with us this evening whom I am second we would all like to hear from. I celvito Mrs. B. H. Munford."

Thus introduced, Mrs. Munford made an address which impressed the getting not only with the fervoes of her interest, but by the intelligent and forces ful presentation of the subject. She declared that the women, had had much to do with this work, but they expected the sman to do their share. The work of the

ADRIFT AND HELPLESS

tom of Sea.

NORFOLK, VA., Feb. 7.-The United

States gunboat Newport is adrift and helpiess somewhere off the Virginia coast, and her propeller lies at the bottom of

navy-yard to-day, and the naval tug Wahneta was at once dispatched to tow the disabled boat in.

for the vessel.

The Newport is attached to the Carri-

BEACH UNGANNY; ICE CHECKS ROAR OF WAVES

Shore Far Out on (By Associated Press.)

Continued with the commission of the control of the NORFOLK, VA., Feb. 7.-A gigantic ico field moved down the Chesapeake Bay to-night and out into the ocean. For fifteen miles along the Virginia coast the son is covered with the ice that extends from the shore far out on the ocean. The surf has been stopped by the leafield and for the first time in fifteen years the roll and roar of the waves has been checked. Residents at the beach to-night describe the situation as being uncanny. Conditions in the inner harbor here, in the rivers and iributaries to Hampton Roads, are in worse shape than yesterday. A great fleet of ice-bound yesterday. A great fleet of ice-bound yessels is in the harbor and the British schooner Harry, which cleared several days ago, was towed back into the harbor minus her anchor and a lot of cable. She had been caught in the ice.

The Cape Henry weather observer reports the hearest movement of yessels in and out the oppes to-day in the history of that station. Over fifty yessels parsed, and at times so rapidly it was impossible to take 2 record of them. The surf has been stopped by the lee